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**SOUTH AFRICAN QUALIFICATIONS AUTHORITY
REGISTERED UNIT STANDARD:**

Apply legal aspects in a security environment

SAQA US ID	UNIT STANDARD TITLE			
244184	Apply legal aspects in a security environment			
ORIGINATOR		ORIGINATING PROVIDER		
SGB Security				
QUALITY ASSURING BODY				
-				
FIELD			SUBFIELD	
Field 08 - Law, Military Science and Security			Safety in Society	
ABET BAND	UNIT STANDARD TYPE	PRE-2009 NQF LEVEL	NQF LEVEL	CREDITS
Undefined	Regular	Level 3	NQF Level 03	8
REGISTRATION STATUS		REGISTRATION START DATE	REGISTRATION END DATE	SAQA DECISION NUMBER
Reregistered		2012-07-01	2015-06-30	SAQA 0695/12
LAST DATE FOR ENROLMENT		LAST DATE FOR ACHIEVEMENT		
2016-06-30		2019-06-30		

In all of the tables in this document, both the pre-2009 NQF Level and the NQF Level is shown. In the text (purpose statements, qualification rules, etc), any references to NQF Levels are to the pre-2009 levels unless specifically stated otherwise.

This unit standard does not replace any other unit standard and is not replaced by any other unit standard.

PURPOSE OF THE UNIT STANDARD

Learners credited with this unit standard will be able to explain which legislation impacts on the operations and functions of the security sector. They will be able to understand how and when proportionality of force can and may be used. They will also be able to explain situations and indicate how they should be dealt with in line with legal prescripts.

A person credited with this unit standard will be able to:

- Describe legislation pertaining to the security industry.
- Describe common law principles that relate to the security industry.
- Apply legal prescripts to the private security industry.

LEARNING ASSUMED TO BE IN PLACE AND RECOGNITION OF PRIOR LEARNING

- Communication at NQF Level 2 or equivalent.
- Mathematical Literacy at NQF Level 2 or equivalent.

UNIT STANDARD RANGE

N/A

Specific Outcomes and Assessment Criteria:

SPECIFIC OUTCOME 1

Describe legislation pertaining to the security industry.

ASSESSMENT CRITERIA**ASSESSMENT CRITERION 1**

The role of human rights within the security industry is described in terms of its potential influence on day-to-day security operations.

ASSESSMENT CRITERION RANGE

Human rights may include but is not limited to the Constitution Chapter 2 Bill of Rights.

ASSESSMENT CRITERION 2

The PSIRA statutory code of conduct is described as it pertains to private security.

ASSESSMENT CRITERION RANGE

Private security may include but is not limited to the service provider's statutory duties as well as the security officer's statutory duties.

ASSESSMENT CRITERION 3

The Liquor Act is described in terms of its relevance to the private security industry.

ASSESSMENT CRITERION 4

The Explosives Act is described in terms of its relevance to the private security industry.

ASSESSMENT CRITERION 5

The Dangerous Weapons Act is described in terms of its relevance to the private security industry.

ASSESSMENT CRITERION 6

The storage of firearms is described in relation to the Firearms Control Act.

ASSESSMENT CRITERION 7

The Trespasses Act is described in terms of its effect on access control principles.

ASSESSMENT CRITERION 8

The Public Gatherings Act is described in terms of its relevance to the private security industry.

ASSESSMENT CRITERION 9

A lawful citizen's arrest is described according to the parameters set out in the Criminal Procedure Act.

SPECIFIC OUTCOME 2

Describe common law principles that relate to the security industry.

ASSESSMENT CRITERIA**ASSESSMENT CRITERION 1**

The concept of lethal force is described in line with common law principles.

ASSESSMENT CRITERION 2

The concept of continuum and proportionality of force is described in line with common law principles.

ASSESSMENT CRITERION 3

The concept of private defence is described in line with common law principles.

ASSESSMENT CRITERION 4

The circumstances in which a security officer may use lethal force are described within the parameters of the reasonable man test.

ASSESSMENT CRITERION RANGE

Circumstances may include but are not limited to protection of own life, protection of people, protection of property, instances where a firearm is pointed at a person.

ASSESSMENT CRITERION 5

The doctrine of vicarious liability is described in terms of when a service provider may be held accountable for employee's actions.

ASSESSMENT CRITERION 6

The doctrine of civil liability is described in terms of when a person may be held personally accountable for actions while on duty.

SPECIFIC OUTCOME 3

Apply legal prescripts to the private security industry.

ASSESSMENT CRITERIA**ASSESSMENT CRITERION 1**

Common law principles are applied in a given situation.

ASSESSMENT CRITERION 2

Human rights principles are applied in a given situation to determine whether the rights were violated.

ASSESSMENT CRITERION 3

A given situation is assessed to determine which legislation (Act) is applicable.

ASSESSMENT CRITERION 4

A given situation is assessed to determine whether appropriate proportionality of force was used.

UNIT STANDARD ACCREDITATION AND MODERATION OPTIONS

- An individual wishing to be assessed (including through RPL) against this unit standard may apply to an assessment agency, assessor or provider institution accredited by the relevant ETQA.
- Anyone assessing a learner against this unit standard must be registered as an assessor with the relevant ETQA.
- Any institution offering learning that will enable achievement of this unit standard or assessing this unit standard must be accredited as a provider with the relevant ETQA.
- Moderation of assessment will be conducted by the relevant ETQA at its discretion.

UNIT STANDARD ESSENTIAL EMBEDDED KNOWLEDGE

- Status of Constitution in relation to other legislation.
- Limitations and constraints within Chapter 2 the Bill of Rights.
- Unlawful attack according to common law practices.
- Lawful defence.
- Relationship between unlawful attack and lawful defence.

UNIT STANDARD DEVELOPMENTAL OUTCOME

N/A

UNIT STANDARD LINKAGES

N/A

Critical Cross-field Outcomes (CCFO):**UNIT STANDARD CCFO IDENTIFYING**

Identify and solve problems related to the implementation of legal requirements and how they affect the security industry.

UNIT STANDARD CCFO ORGANISING

Organise oneself and one's activities in such a way as to have all the required legal prescripts available as and when required.

UNIT STANDARD CCFO COLLECTING

Collect, analyse, organise and critically evaluate information pertaining to the security industry and its application for security

personnel.

UNIT STANDARD CCFO DEMONSTRATING

Demonstrate an understanding of the world as a set of related systems where the incorrect application of legal issues in the security environment has a negative effect on it.

QUALIFICATIONS UTILISING THIS UNIT STANDARD:

	ID	QUALIFICATION TITLE	PRE-2009 NQF LEVEL	NQF LEVEL	STATUS	END DATE	QUALITY ASSURING BODY
Core	58577	National Certificate: General Security Practices	Level 3	NQF Level 03	Reregistered	2015-06-30	SAS SETA
Elective	61609	Further Education and Training Certificate: Volunteer Support	Level 4	NQF Level 04	Reregistered	2015-06-30	As per Learning Programmes recorded against this Qual